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APPLICATION NO.	PLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/867,565 05/31/2001		5/31/2001	Takeshi Yamane	010694	7576
23850	7590 10/15/2003			EXAMINER	
ARMSTRONG, KRATZ, QUINTOS, HANSON & BROOKS, LLP				WYROZEBSKI LEE, KATARZYNA I	
1725 K STR	EET, NW			/ mm , mm	
SUITE 1000				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGTON, DC 20006			1734		

DATE MAILED: 10/15/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## Application No. Applicant(s) 09/867,565 YAMANE, TAKESHI Advisory Action Art Unit Examiner Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee 1714 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 02 October 2003 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)] a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on \_\_\_\_\_. Appellant's Brief must be filed within the period set forth in 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. 2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered because: (a) they raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below): (b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note below); (c) they are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the

(d) they present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims.

4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) \_\_\_\_ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment

5. The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the

6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered because it is not directed SOLELY to issues which were newly

7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment(s) a) will not be entered or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended.

8. The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_ is a) approved or b) disapproved by the Examiner.

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10. Other: \_

issues for appeal; and/or

canceling the non-allowable claim(s).

raised by the Examiner in the final rejection.

The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:

Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):

application in condition for allowance because: see attachment to the advisory.

9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s)( PTO-1449) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_.

NOTE: \_\_\_\_\_

Claim(s) allowed:

Claim(s) rejected to: \_\_\_\_\_.
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-6</u>.

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#### Attachment to the Advisory

In view of the after final amendment filed on 10/2/2003, the rejections of record are not overcome.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

- 1. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 2. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by GARDZIELA (US 4,918,116).

The discussion of the disclosure of the prior art of GARDZIELLA from paragraph 2 of the office action mailed on 2/5/2003 is incorporated here by reference.

The substitute specification submitted on October 2, 2003 is hereby entered. The substituted specification does not incorporate new matter issues, merely renumbers pages per objection raised in the first office action.

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The prior art disclosure JP 07-116303 discussed on page 4 of the applicants response has not been submitted. The PAJ website that examiner has accessed again still gives the disclosure for "Electrically Driven Prize Winning Device"

The amendment to the claim 1 of the present invention overcomes the 112 rejection applied against present claims in the final office action mailed on 7/2/2003.

In the after final response to the rejection dated 7/2/2003 the applicants have argued following:

a)

Applicants submit that this dischange means that 80 °C is the temperature of the mixture at the time of addition of the hexamethyletetramine. That is, the mixture has already been cooling somewhat from the original temperature of 100 °C of the newclas, and has reached 80 °C at the time of addition of the hardway, and that the "enother 3 minutes" represents continued cooling.

By contrast, claim I rentes "wherein the mixing of said two materials in said mixing step is contrait out by starting and mixing the pay materials under heating in a dry system of a temperature where said himter is softened" (emphasis added). That is, heating involves mixing the temperature of the two materials until the binder is softened. This may be seen, for example, on page 11, lines I to 5 of the substitute specification, which read: "weighted, mixed using Etrich file 5 minutes and then kneeded in a kneeder heating at 116 °C for 5 minutes in Examples 1 to 5."

With respect to the above statement, examples 5-9 of the prior art of GARDZIELLA disclose the following:

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#### **EXAMPLE 9**

9500 g of a mixture of dolomite of different grain size were heated to 80° C. in a mixing unit and then 500 g of the novolac of Example 4 pre-heated to 80° C. with a molar ratio of 1:0.35 was homogeneously distributed in the mixture followed by 10% Hexamine with respect to the right mixed in. After mixing, the mixture was pressed either directly at 80° C. or was permitted to cool to obtain a free flowing material readily pressable due to the extremely strong viscosity increase of the resin.

There is nothing in the prior art of GARDZIELLA teaching cooling step. Example 11 of the prior art of GARDZIELLA discloses temperature of 100°C at which mixing can be completed.

#### DAMMITLE 11

1 kg of a novolac of Example 3 was heated to approximately 100° C, and was added to a mixture heated to 100° C, consisting of a 3 kg of steel wool, 1.5 kg of brass shavings, 1 kg of coke, 0.5 kg of graphite, 0.5 kg of polyaramide fibers (2 mm), 1.5 kg of barium sulfate, and 0.7 kg of magnesium oxide as well as 0.2 kg of aluminum oxide. The mixture was mixed intensively in a high-power mixer for approximately 5 minutes and 0.2 kg of 50% aqueous hexamethylenetetramine at 80° C, was added. Mixing was continued for another 3 minutes

There is also no mention of cooling step, but the hexamine was at a temperature of 80°C when it was added to the composition for curing. Although the applicant feels that the composition has been cooled, if the prior art of GARDZIELLA does not say so, then it probably did not cool the mixture. The two examples pasted into the office action do not show cooling.

For the sake of the argument, even if the prior art of GARDZIELLA did teach cooling step, the present claims for one do not exclude such step, and second, they do not discuss any temperature ranges. If, for the sake of argument, the prior art of GARZIELLA cooled the composition to 80°C, this temperature is still a softening temperature of the phenolic resins, it is still being heated and it hexamethylene would not cure the composition. As long as the binder is

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softened and other components added while it is softened, the prior art of GARDZIELLA meets the claims.

**b**)

That is, Cardirieds differs from the present invention is that, in Cardirieds, the hardener is easy added during eneding, not during heating.

As the examiner stated above, there is nothing in the examples of the prior art of GARDZIELLA that says that the composition is cooled.

c)

Applicants also submit that in Contribite, since the hardener is added and mixed under cooling at a temperature hower than 80 °C, the binder does not get softened while the hardener is present. Claim 3 requires that the binder is softened with the bardener present in the mixture.

The examiner requests that the applicants take a look at the two examples pasted into this office action. The two temperatures are those of 80°C and 100°C. Hexamethylene is definitely present and the binder is definitely softened.

During the interview conducted on 9/22/2003 the same issues were discussed as in the above response and examiner indicated that claims as presented are not in condition for allowance. The applicants have to distinguish the present invention by incorporating into the process claims something that the prior art of GARDZIELLA does not teach and through filing an RCE, since incorporating any new subject matter at this point would be considered new issue

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and consideration. If there are any questions, the applicants are more than welcome to contact the examiner of record.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee whose telephone number is (703) 306-5875. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Thurs 6:30 AM-4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vasu Jagannathan can be reached on (703) 306-2777. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Kala zeja Ujarekku kek Katarzyna Wyrozebski Lee Primary Examiner

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October 13, 2003